HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Heard County, Georgia

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the remaining aggregate fund information, of Heard County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Heard County, Georgia management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these general purpose financial statements based on my audit. I did not audit the financial statements of the Heard County Health Department, and the Heard County Water Authority, which represent 85 percent of the assets and 78 percent of the revenues in the component unit columns. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Heard County Health Department and Heard County Water Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general-purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general-purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, based on my audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Heard County, Georgia as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Heard County, Georgia has not presented a Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information on page 25, and schedule of funding progress on page 26 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Heard County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The individual

nonmajor fund statements and schedules are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated February 15, 2010, on my consideration of Heard County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

Richland, Georgia February 15, 2010

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Government-wide Statement of Net Assets Primary Government as of June 30, 2009 Component Units as of June 30, 2009

Primary

	(Sovernment	Component Units							
		overnmental Activities	Heard Co. Water Authority		Heard Co. Health Department		Heard Co. blic Facilities Authority	De	leard Co. velopment Authority	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,020,306	\$ 93,021	\$	213,627	\$	-	\$	1,249,155	
Accounts receivable		59,249	110,173		30,215		908,245		79,167	
Sales tax receivable		1,776,841	-		-		-		-	
Property tax receivable		194,071	, -		-		-		-	
Notes receivable-current		-	_		-		-		37,997	
Inventory		-	51,933		-		-		-	
Prepaid expenses		-	41,695		-		_		-	
Restricted assets										
Cash		_	1,637,426		-		25,760		-	
Investments		-	-		-		603,296		-	
Notes receivable-noncurrent		-	-		-		-		1,303,752	
Other		32,135	17,344		-		-		-	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		7,118,953	468,364		-		-		143,332	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		28,236,330	 14,749,318		12,016				271,478	
Total Assets		54,437,885	17,169,274		255,858		1,537,301		3,084,881	
LIABILITIES								-		
Accounts payable		433,085	87,080		9,288		_		12,251	
Customer deposits			19,461		•		_		· •	
Other		48,648	´ <u>-</u>		-		-		-	
Long-term liabilities:		·								
Portion due within one year:		2,790,577	8.778		-		-		32,384	
Portion due after one year:		10,933,712	 867,284		29,978		2,000,000		1,252,240	
Total Liabilities		14,206,022	982,603		39,266		2,000,000		1,296,875	
NET ASSETS										
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		22,625,052	14,244,079		12,016		-		414,810	
Restricted for:			, , .		,					
Debt service		951,603	365,847		_		(462,699)		_	
Public health		· · -	•		-		` .		-	
Capital Projects		9,080,900	1,101,546		_		-		_	
Customer deposits		· · · -	· · · -		-		_		-	
Unrestricted		7,574,308	 218,867		204,576		-		1,373,196	
Total Net Assets	\$	40,231,863	\$ 15,930,339	\$	216,592	S	(462,699)	\$	1,788,006	

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Government-wide Statement of Activities Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2009 Component Units Years Ended June 30, 2009

			Program	Re	venues				
					Operating Grants,		Capital Grants,		
Function/Program		F	Charges for		Contributions,		Contributions,	N	et (Expense)
Governmental Activities:	_	Expenses	 Services		and Interest		and Interest		Revenue
General Government		4 500 204	046.444			_		_	(EEO 050)
Court Administration	5	1,590,391	\$ 816,441	Ф		\$	-	\$	(773,950)
Public Safety		938,404	404.020		54,409		-		(883,995)
Public Works		6,114,193 1,664,263	194,028		79,385		-		(5,840,780)
Culture and recreation		566,743	-		-		-		(1,664,263)
Housing and development		284,386	-		-		-		(566,743)
Health and Welfare		1,046,332	-		123,545		-		(284,386)
Intergovernmental		1,860,381	-		123,545		-		(922,787)
Interest on debt		612,225	_		_		•		(1,860,381)
micros, on dobt		UIZ,ZZU	 		-		<u>-</u>		(612,225)
Total Governmental Activities		14,677,318	 1,010,469		257,339		<u></u>		(13,409,510)
Business-Type Activities									
Total Business-Type Activities:			 . •				_		
Total Primary Government		14,677,318	1,010,469		257,339		-		(13,409,510)
Component Units:									
Heard County Water Authority		2,279,946	1,814,028		_		534,202		68,284
Heard County Health Department		289,050	108,448		177,456		-		(3,146)
Heard County Public Facilities Authority			-		***,****		_		-
Heard County Development Authority		214,166	 393,970		-		-		179,804
Total Component Units	\$	2,783,162	\$ 2,316,446	\$	177,456	5	534,202 \$		244,942

		Primary Government iovernmental Activities	Component Units
Change in Net Assets:			
Net (expense) revenue	_\$_	(13,409,510)	\$ 244,942
General Revenues			
Property taxes		3,352,789	-
Sales taxes		12,970,542	-
Payment in lieu of taxes		762,731	-
Insurance premium tax		464,357	-
Other taxes		465,443	-
Investment Revenue		183,315	124,541
Other		245,346	 -
Total general revenues and transfers		18,444,523	 124,541
Change in Net Assets		5,035,013	 369,483
Net Assets Beginning of Year		35,196,850	16,955,592
Adjustments		_	147,163
Net Assets beginning, as adjusted		35,196,850	17,102,755
Net Assets End of Year	\$	40,231,863	\$ 17,472,238

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

ASSETS	General		2002 Special Purpose Local Option Tax		2007 Special Purpose Local Option Tax		Debt Service	ļ	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,697,467	, \$	454,844	s	3,134,936	Si	981.984	\$	375,485	•	12,644,716
Investments	•	•	-	-	4,375,590	•	551,554	Ψ	010,400	40	4,375,590
Accounts Receivable	59,249)	_		.,,		_		_		4,373,390 59,249
Sales Taxes Receivable	681,037		-		1,095,804				_		1,776,841
Property Taxes Receivable	194,071		-		-,,		-		_		194,071
Due from other funds			19,726				•		-		194,071
Total Assets	8,631,824		474.570		8,606,330		981,984		375,485		19,070,193
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								•••••			
Accounts Payable	402,704		-		_		30,381				472 000
Due to other funds	19,726		-		_				•		433,085 19,726
Deferred Revenue	194,071				_		•		_		194,071
Total Liabilities	616,501				-		30,381		-		646,882
Fund Balances Reserved for:											·
Capital construction	_		474,570		8,606,330		_				9,080,900
Public safety	-				-,000,000		_		19,220		19,220
Lending	-		-				_		137,429		137,429
Emergency services	-		-		_		-		166,144		166,144
Debt service	-		-		-		951,603				951,603
Unreserved, Reported in											301,000
General Fund	8,015,323		-		-		-		_		8,015,323
Special Revenue Funds					-				52,692		52,692
Total Fund Balances	8,015,323		474,570		8,606,330		951,603		375,485		18,423,311
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,631,824	s	474,570 5	<u> </u>	8,606,330	s	981,984 \$	3	375,485	<u> </u>	19,070,193

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$ 18,423,311
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:	
Capital assets of \$40,664,605 net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,309,322 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	35,355,283
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore; are deferred in the funds: Deferred property taxes	194,071
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Due within one year Due in more than one year	(284,759) (13,439,530)
Deferred charges Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (26,513) 40,221,863

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Revenues		General	P	2002 Special urpose Local Option Tax		2007 Special Purpose Local Option Tax		Debt Service	1	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes	s	9,991,390	•	_	5	7,255,685		_	5		5	17,247,075
Charges for Services	Ų	701,311	Ψ	_		1,200,000	ų.	-	Ş	•	Ф	701,311
Licenses and Permits		115,130		_		_				-		115,130
Fines and Forfeitures		145,426		_		_		-		48,602		194,028
Intergovernmental		1,020,069		_		_		_		40,002		1,020,069
Interest		96,243		8,117		66,87B		10,794		1,283		183,315
Other		119,883								125,461		245,344
Total Revenues		12,189,452		8,117		7,322,563		10,794		175,346		19,706,272
Expenditures Current										-		
General government		1,510,850		_		-		_		-		1,510,850
Judicial		926,097		-		_				_		926,097
Public safety		5,494,321		-		_		-		79.589		5,573,910
Public works		973,420		_		517,107		-		-		1,490,527
Culture and recreation		489,739		-		•		_				489,739
Housing and development		278,845		-		-		-		-		278,846
Health and welfare		1,036,915		-		•		-		•		1,036,915
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,860,381		_		-		1,860,381
Capital outlay		-		1,530,927		5,452,831		-		-		6,983,758
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		-		-		-		2,519,769		-		2,519,769
Interest and fiscal charges		-		•		-		621,288		-		621,288
Total Expenditures		10,710,188		1,530,927		7,830,319		3,141,057		79,589		23,292,080
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over												
(Under) Expenditures		1,479,264		(1,522,810)		(507,756)		(3,130,263)		95,757		(3,585,808)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in				1,500,000		<u>-</u> . •		4,072,413		-		5,572,413
Transfers out		(1,500,000)		-		(4,072,413)		•				(5,572,413)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,500,000)		1,500,000		(4,072,413)		4,072,413				-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20,736)		(22,810)		(4,580,169)		942,150		95,757		(3,585,808)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning		8,036,059		497,380		13,186,499		9,453		279,728		22,009,119
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	8,015,323	<u> </u>	474,570	\$	8,606,330	\$	951,603	\$	375,485	<u> </u>	18,423,311

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds

(3,585,808)

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the stetement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives asdepreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:

Capital Outlay-Depreciable Capital Assets 6.983.758 Depreciation (843,728)

Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds: **Property Taxes**

6,057

Increase in long-term compensated absences

(93,450)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of such long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Amortization of premium on bonds	19,774
Amortization of deferred charges	(10,711)
Capital lease retirement	17,236
Repayment of long-term bonds	2,519,769
Retirement of long-term post-closure costs.	22,116

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

5,035,013

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2009

		Tax Commis sioner	l	Clerk of Court		robate Office	agistrate Office		neriff ffice	E	Tax Sale scrow		Total
ASSETS Cash	æ	47.040	rt.	404.007	m		40.000	•			00 755	_	407.004
	\$	47,910	\$	101,387	\$	4,690	\$ 10,222	\$	-	\$	33,755	\$	197,964
Taxes receivable		613,466					 -		-		-		613,466
Total assets		661,376		101,387		4,690	 10,222				33,755		811,430
LIABILITIES													
Due to others		661,376		101,387		4,690	 10,222		-		33,755		811,430
Total liabilities	\$	661,376	\$	101,387	\$	4,690	\$ 10,222	\$	-	\$	33,755	\$	811,430

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Heard County, Georgia was formed by the State legislature on December 22, 1830. The County operates under the control of a five member Board of Commissioners, plus a Chairman, all elected by the citizens of Heard County. The Chairman of the Board of Commissioners manages the daily activities of the County. Heard County provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, public health and welfare, recreation, and utilities.

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Heard County, this includes all departments and activities that are operated directly by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The component unit columns on the combined financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Heard County Health Department:

The Health Department operates a general health clinic for the benefit of the residents of Heard County. In addition to the County's contribution of financial support, the County Board of Commissioners appoints a majority of the Health Department's Board of Directors, and thereby exercises considerable influence upon the Health Department's activities. The Health Department's fiscal year ends with June 30. The accompanying financial statements include the financial information for the Health Department as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Health Department issues separately audited Component Unit Financial Statements. Copies of their statements may be obtained from the Heard County Board of Public Health, Franklin, Georgia. The financial information of the Health Department is included in the combined financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

Heard County Development Authority:

The Development Authority operates to promote economic development in Heard County. The County is financially responsible for the debt of the Development Authority. The Development Authority's fiscal year ends with June 30. The accompanying financial statements include the financial information for the Development Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Development Authority issues separately audited Component Unit Financial Statements. Copies of their statements may be obtained from the by writing to Heard County Development Authority, PO Box 368, Franklin, GA 30217. This financial information is included in the combined financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

Heard County Public Facilities Authority

The Public Facilities Authority was formed to provide increased financing options for government entities within Heard County. Operations consist of arranging long term debt at low or no interest rates for the Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements include the financial information for the Public Facilities Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. separate financial statements are not issued. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Heard County Commissioners.

Heard County Water Authority:

The Water Authority provides water delivery service to the citizens of Heard County. The County is financially responsible for the debt of the Water Authority. The Water Authority's fiscal year ends with June 30. The accompanying financial statements include the financial information for the Water Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Water Authority issues separately audited Component Unit Financial Statements. Copies of their statements may be obtained from the by writing to Heard County Water Authority, PO Box 610, Franklin, GA 30217. This financial information is included in the combined financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1)charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The County's major funds are described below:

General Fund:

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Georgia.

2002 SPLOST Fund:

This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of a 2002 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum.

2009 SPLOST Fund:

This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of a 2009 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referendum.

Debt Service Fund:

This fund accounts for the funds set aside from SPLOST receipts designated to repay outstanding debt.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary to useful or sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided to outside parties (Enterprise Funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (Internal Service Funds). The Proprietary funds used by the County are as follows:

Enterprise Funds:

The Heard County Water Authority Discretely Presented Component Unit is included in the financial statements as an enterprise fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types (Not included in government-wide statements)

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a pension trust fund or a nonexpendable trust fund is used. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County utilizes the following fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds-The County utilizes agency funds to account for the activities of the Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, and Clerk of Court, Probate Office, Magistrate Office, and Tax Sale Escrow Fund.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide financial statements, the enterprise funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows reflects how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; enterprise funds and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues—Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days after year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the sales are made. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at year end: sales taxes, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, state-levied locally shared taxes (including insurance premium tax), grants, interest, and rent.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Special purpose local option tax, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements were met have been recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that were not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

The County budgets its operations on an annual basis for the general fund. The proposed budget is prepared each May by a Budget Committee consisting of the Board of Commissioners, the County Administrator, and the Financial Administrator. Budget requests from the various County departments are presented to this Committee for consideration. Public hearings are held to discuss the proposed budget and to obtain input from the citizens of Heard County. The final proposed budget is presented at a Board of Commissioners meeting for final passage prior to June 30. The final budget is adopted at public meeting. Grants and contracts received by the County during the year are governed by stipulated budgets that are normally officially adopted at the time the grants are approved.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Funds presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results of operations for which annual operating budgets are legally adopted. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: General government, Court administration, Public safety, Public works, Culture and recreation, Housing and development, Health and welfare, Capital outlay, and Debt service. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level except for matching funds required by grantors. All budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the Board. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Board approval.

Capital Projects Funds are budgeted over the life of the project and not on an annual basis; therefore, budgetary data for these funds have not been presented in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. There were no outstanding encumbrances at year-end.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2001, are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the enterprise funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, and culverts. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of enterprise fund capital assets is also capitalized.

In accordance with provisions of GASB 34, the County has only capitalized infrastructure purchased or constructed after July 1, 2003.

All capital assets are depreciated, except for land and improvements and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 40 - 100 years Improvements 20 years Vehicles 5 - 15 years Machinery & equipment 5 - 20 years Infrastructure 25 - 75 years

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets. The only interfund balances which remain on the government-wide statement of net assets are those between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reflected as "Internal Balances."

Compensated Absences

Full time County employees earn personal leave time according to a schedule based upon length of employment. After one year of employment, an employee will receive 17 days. After five years of employment, an employee will receive 22 days. After ten years of employment, an employee will receive 27 days. After fifteen years of employment, an employee will receive 32 days. After twenty years of employment, an employee will receive 37 days.

All personal days which are not utilized during an employee's employment year shall not carry over to the next year. Except, such unused days, shall be designated as "banked" days, and shall be recorded and placed in a personal day's bank for that employee.

An employee who dies while employed with the County or resigns in good standing with a two-week written notice, may receive the current year's accrual, plus banked days to a maximum of thirty leave

days. An employee who retires at the normal retirement age may receive the full number of days in the employee's bank.

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprise funds are reported on the enterprise fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are recognized as fund liabilities when incurred. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Loans and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Governmental Fund Balance Reserves

The County reserves those portions of governmental fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances, loans receivable, and endowments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for sanitary landfill and recycling services and rent. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits- State statutes require that all public deposits in financial institutions be fully insured or collateralized by U.S. Government obligations that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The County's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by state statutes at June 30, 2009. At year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$17,020,306 and the respective bank balances totaled \$14,040,838. Of the total bank balance, \$500,000was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The remainder was covered by collateral with a value of 18,853,000.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

An ad valorem tax is charged each year on each parcel of taxable property and on each taxable vehicle and mobile home located in the County. The tax is assessed to support the State government, County government and County School System. It is based generally on a fixed percentage of the market value multiplied by a millage rate. The market value of the property is determined by the County Board of Assessors and the millage rate is set by the County Commissioners to produce the revenue required to finance the expected expenditures of the County and the School System.

After the taxable value of the property has been established and the millage rate determined, the tax is computed on each property by a private computer service, and a tax bill is prepared for the property owner. The total of these computations, called the tax digest, is submitted to the State of Georgia for approval before the tax bills are mailed to the property owners.

These tax bills then become the basis for tax collections and allocations to the State, County and Schools. A list of uncollected taxes is prepared from the bills remaining unpaid at the end of the year.

When taxes are collected, the Tax Commissioner records the cash receipts and allocates the portion collected for the State, County and School System. At periodic intervals, as the tax is collected, remittances are made to the State, County, and School System. During the annual audit a summary of charges and credits is made to determine the amount of tax still due to the State, County and School System and final

settlement is made according to the statements.

Taxes are levied on October 1 based upon values fixed at January 1 of the prior year. Taxes are due on December 30 of the tax year.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Note 13—Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance	Adjustments and	Transfers &	Balance
	 June 30, 2008	 Additions	 Disposals	June 30, 2009
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,118,953	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 7,118,953
Construction in progress	 7,645,932	3,942,964	 	 11,588,896
Total	 14,764,885	3,942,964	_	18,707,849
Capital assets being depreciated				
Roads	5,958,839	835,234	-	6,794,073
Buildings	8,164,739	1,447,216	_	9,611,955
Equipment	2,246,179	482,171	-	2,728,350
Vehicles	 2,546,205	276,173	 _	2,822,378
	 18,915,962	3,040,794	 _	21,956,756
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roads	(296,591)	(169,852)		(466,443)
Buildings	(1,034,436)	(208,077)	-	(1,242,513)
Equipment	(1,530,915)	(190,535)	-	(1,721,450)
Vehicles	 (1,603,651)	 (275,265)	 -	(1,878,916)
	 (4,465,593)	(843,729)	**	 (5,309,322)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 14,450,369	2,197,065	 # 1.0 () () () () () () () () () (16,647,434
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,215,254	\$ 6,140,029	\$ -	\$ 35,355,283

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 62,122
Judicial	3,855
Public Safety	433,861
Public Works	252,658
Culture and recreation	70,989
Housing and development	8,957
Health and Welfare	 11,287
	\$ 843,729

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as interfund balances include outstanding charges by one fund to another for goods or services, and other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative lending and borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are described as interfund balances.

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2009 were as follows:

	119115	iers nom:				
	Major Gove	rnmental F	<u>unds</u>			
		200	7 Special			
		Purp	ose Local			
<u>Transfer to:</u>	<u>General</u>	<u>Or</u>	tion Tax	<u>Total</u>		
Governmental Activities						
2002 SPLOST	\$ 1,500,000	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	
Debt Service	-	4,	072,413		4,072,413	

1,500,000

The transfers were from the 2007 SPLOST Fund to the debt Service Fund as part of legal restrictions on SPLOST proceeds that must be used to fund debt service on the 2006 G.O. Bonds, and transfers of funds from the General Fund to the 2002 SPLOST Fund the completion of ongoing projects.

4,072,413

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The County has stopped accepting solid waste at its landfill. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring operations at the landfill site for thirty years after official closure. The County has twenty years remaining. The estimated cost of all post closure care activities is \$378,029 and is reflected in the general fund on the government-wide financial statements. Because of future changes in technology, laws, or regulations these costs may change.

At June 30, 2009, governmental bonds payable consisted of the following:

General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds, dated October 1, 2006, Due in semi-annual installments through May 1, 2013, Bearing interest at varying rates from 3.5% to 5.0%

\$12,730,231

5,572,413

Under the terms of the 2007 SPLOST referendum, the City of Franklin is to receive 9% of the total tax collected. In addition, the County was authorized to issue bonds to provide advance financing for capital projects anticipated in the 2007 SPLOST referendum. The total face value of the Series 2006 issue is \$16,250,000. Under the financing plan, the City of Franklin, Georgia received \$1,000,000 (Franklin Bonds) of the proceeds, net of issuance costs. The 2007 SPLOST proceeds are paid into two debt service accounts, one for the County and one for the City of Franklin. The SPLOST is pledged first to provide for the total principal and interest due in the next year, with the remainder going into two Project accounts: one for the County and the other for the City.

The City is obligated to pay the Franklin Bonds out of its share of the 2007 SPLOST. This liability, along with the debt-service accounts, is reported by the City of Franklin. The County is reporting its share of the bond issue. Should SPLOST receipts be insufficient to fully repay the bonds, the County is contingently liable for the balance on the Franklin Bonds.

Changes in outstanding long-term debt-

The 2006 G.O. Bond issue has a premium associated with the issuance of the Series. The premium is being amortized over the life of the bond issue. Amortization during the year amounted to \$11,535.

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2009			
Capital leases General Obligation Bonds Compensated absences Landfill post-closure	\$ 17,236 15,250,000 544,695 378,029	\$ - - 93,450 -	\$ 17,236 2,519,769 - 22,116	\$ - 12,730,231 638,145 355,913			
	\$ 16,189,960	\$ 93,450	\$ 2,559,121	\$ 13,724,289			

At June 30, 2009, current maturities of post closure costs was \$22,116. Long-term compensated absences were estimated to be all long term.

Long-term compensated absences and landfill post closure costs are liquidated by the General Fund. Long-term leases payable and General Obligation Bonds payable are liquidated by the Special Purpose Local Option Tax Funds.

Annual maturities for the General Obligation Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$ 2,768,461	\$ 508,259	\$ 3,276,720
2011	3,031,231	383,209	3,414,440
2012	3,312,769	267,985	3,580,754
2013	3,617,770	135,333	3,753,103
=	\$12,730,231	\$ 1,294,786	\$ 14,025,017

Heard County Water Authority

The Heard County Water Authority borrowed money on a waste water treatment plant construction loan. Interest is at 6.35%. The loan is payable in 59 monthly installments of \$1,738 with the balance due October 8, 2013. The loan is collateralized by the assets of the Authority. The balance of this loan was \$195,947 at June 30, 2009.

The Authority is also obligated for payment of revenue bonds in the amount of \$795,000. The bonds are secured by a second lien on the net revenues of the Water Authority (net revenues before depreciation and amortization). Should the net revenues be insufficient to pay the principal and interest, then Heard County has committed to fund the deficiency. The balance of the revenue bonds was \$795,000 at June 30, 2009.

As of June 30, 2009, the Water Authority had \$365,847 in sinking funds. Debt service to maturity for the long term debt was as follows:

	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>				
2010	\$ 123,663	\$ 58,899	\$ 182,562				
2011	129,230	48,052	177,282				
2012	134,833	40,252	175,085				
2013	145,476	31,972	177,448				
2014	302,745	20,935	323,680				
2015	 155,000	9,106	164,106				
		·					
	\$ 990,947	\$ 209,216	\$ 1,200,163				

Changes in Heard County Water Authority long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2008	-	Additions	<u>_R</u>	eductions	Balance June 30, 2009		
Construction loan Revenue Bonds	\$ 900,000	\$	200,000	\$	4,053 105,000	\$	195,947 795,000	
	\$ 900,000	\$	200,000	\$	109,053	\$	990,947	

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description- The County's defined benefit pension plan, Heard County Pension Plan (HCPP), provided retirement and disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. HCPP is affiliated with the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Defined Benefit Plan, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement plan administered by Government Employee Benefits Corporation of Georgia. The Plan acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia. The Public Retirement Systems Standard Law (OCGA 47-20-10) assigns the authority to establish and amend the plan to the County. ACCG issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to ACCG, 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30339.

Participation- Under the Plan, all full time County employees are eligible to participate after completing three years of service. Benefits vest after five years of service. Participants may retire at age sixty-five with three years of completed service. There is no maximum entry age. Retirement benefits equal 1% of average compensation to \$6,600, plus 1.5% of average compensation in excess of \$6,600, plus \$36 for each year of service, with total service limited to thirty-five years. Average compensation is based on the five-year period immediately preceding retirement.

Funding Policy- HCPP members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 6.15% of annual covered payroll. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the minimum funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans. Administrative expenses are based on total covered compensation of active plan participants and are added to the state-required annual funding requirement. The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish, and amend from time to time the contribution rates for the County and its plan participants.

The most recent valuation date for the Plan is December 31, 2008. Annual Pension Cost- For 2009, the County's annual pension cost of \$81,547 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as a part of the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation. The County makes contributions to the Plan that are equal to the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) (b) projected salary increases based on 5.0% per year, and (c) no annual cost of living adjustments. The expected rate of inflation is assumed to be 3%. The unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009 was 10 years.

The actuarial value of Plan assets is calculated by rolling forward the prior year's actuarial value with contributions, disbursements, and expected return on investments, plus 10% of investment gains and losses during 10 prior years.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, covered compensation totaled \$1,599,460, out of total compensation of \$5,137,472.

Membership in the plan is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	27
Terminated participants entitled to future	
benefits	16
Active participation employees	49_
	92

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required	Percentage
<u>12/31</u>	Contribution	<u>Contributed</u>
1999	45,542	100.0%
2000	45,416	100.0%
2001	47,668	100.0%
2002	56,638	100.0%
2003	52,288	123.3%
2004	65,021	100.0%
2005	72,651	116.7%
2006	83,011	115.1%
2007	74,139	103.8%
2008	81,547	104.6%

The County Deferred Compensation Plan

Heard County has an elective deferred compensation plan under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 that is available to all employees. Under this plan, employees may make an elective deferral of their compensation. This amount is paid to a third party administrator and is held for the employees. Control over this deferred compensation vests solely to the respective employees. The County has no control over the funds once they are paid to the plan administrator.

10. LITIGATION

The County's attorney advises that no legal actions were in progress by or against the County at June 30, 2009 that would have any material effect on the County's financial condition.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County is subject to routine audits by Grantor agencies. These audits could result in certain costs being disallowed. To the extent that such disallowances involve expenditures under subcontracted arrangements, the County generally has the right of recovery from such third parties. Management believes that any costs disallowed by grantor reviews or review of sub recipient audits would not be material to these financial statements, and no provision has been made for these items.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which establishes standard accounting and financial reporting practices for public entity risk pools and governmental entities. The following disclosures are offered in accordance with GASB 10.

The County is exposed to various forms of risk of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with local governments in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As a part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with and coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

14. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with the municipalities and county governments in a thirteen county area, is a member in the Chattahoochee-Flint Regional Development Center (RDC) and is required to pay dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the County paid \$7,254 in such dues. Membership in the RDC is required under O.C.G.A. Section 50-8-34. The RDC governing Board included the chief elected official of each county and municipality included in the RDC area. Member governments are liable for any debts or obligations incurred by the RDC.

As of July 1, 2009, the RDC was dissolved and merged with McIntosh Trail Regional Development Center. The resulting organization is Three Rivers Regional Commission.

Separate RDC financial statements may be obtained from:

Three Rivers Regional Commission PO Box 1600 Franklin, GA 30217

15. SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

The County had two Special Purpose Local Option Tax issues outstanding as of June 30, 2009. Summaries of receipts and expenditures of these issues were as follows:

		Original		Current	Prior		Current		
2002 SPLOST		Estimated		Estimated	Years		Year		Total
Expenditures for:									
Road projects	\$	3,980,550	,	\$ 7,332,875	\$ 6,541,981	s	790,894	5	7,332,875
County Buildings		3,980,550		473,252	405,666		67,586	,	473,252
Construction of Jail and				,	,		,		
Animal Control Facility				6,800,000	6,800,000		_		6,800,000
Public Safety facilities									
and equipment		1,594,450		2,194,484	2,263,125		480		2,263,605
Recreation facilities					· · ·				-
and equipment		1,594,450		1,172,137	1,252,651		671,967		1,924,618
Intergovernmental transfers:							•		
Heard Co. Water Authority		1,000,000		1,050,000	1,050,000		-		1,050,000
City of Franklin		1,350,000		1,867,380	1,867,380		-		1,867,380
City of Ephesus		750,000		1,037,459	1,037,459		_		1,037,459
City of Centralhatchee		750,000		1,037,459	1,037,459		-		1,037,459
	\$	15,000,000	\$	22,965,046	\$ 22,255,720	\$	1,530,927	\$	23,786,647
		Original		Current	Prior		Current		
2007 SPLOST		Estimated		Estimated	Years		<u>Year</u>		Total
Expenditures for:									
Road projects	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$ 804,821	\$	122,782	\$	927,603
Recreation complex		12,000,000		12,192,951	7,148,006		5,044,945		12,192,951
EMA Headquarters		1,750,000		1,750,000	-		411,095		411,095
Roosterville fire station		1,500,000		1,500,000	-		-		-
Sheriff equipment WARRS communication		550,000		550,000			155,279		
equipment		1,000,000		1,000,000	-		-		-
911 center		750,000		750,000	212,410		156,477		368,887
Codes enforcement equip.		125,000		125,000	-		-		-
Courthouse renovation		600,000		600,000			79,360		
Administration building annex		4,435,000		4,435,000	-		-		-
City of Franklin		2,690,000		2,690,000	569,976		651,078		1,221,054
City of Centralhatchee		1,495,000		1,495,000	316,653		361,710		678,363
City of Ephesus		1,495,000		1,495,000	316,653		361,710		678,363
Water projects		3,280,000		3,280,000	541,667	~~~~	485,883	**	1,027,550
	\$_3	37,670,000	\$	37,862,951	\$ 9,910,186	\$	7,830,319	\$	17,505,866

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 9,874,606	\$ 9,874,606	\$ 9,991,390
Charges for Services	1,352,300	1,357,500	701,311
Licenses and Permits	-	-	115,130
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	145,426
Intergovernmental	381,000	881,000	1,020,069
Interest	-	-	96,243
Other	242,200	242,200	119,883
Total Revenues	11,850,106	12,355,306	12,189,452
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	2,048,716	2,048,716	1,510,850
Judicial	908,390	908,390	926,097
Public safety	5,669,567	5,685,067	5,494,321
Public works	1,229,146	1,229,146	973,420
Culture and recreation	652,299	1,111,999	489,739
Housing and development	295,129	297,979	278,846
Health and welfare	1,046,859	1,074,009	1,036,915
Other	-	-	
Debt service	_	-	-
Total Expenditures	11,850,106	12,355,306	10,710,188
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	-	-	1,479,264
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			, ,
Transfers in	-	_	_
Transfers out	_		(1,500,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(20,736)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning	8,036,059	8,036,059	8,036,059
Fund Balances at End of Year	8,036,059	8,036,059	8,015,323

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Schedule of Funding Progress

_	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (ALL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded ALL (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1999	1,124,935	1,169,755	96.2%	44,820	637,138	7.0%
2000	1,213,020	1,373,680	88.3%	160,660	771,336	20.8%
2001	1,291,218	1,457,294	88.6%	166,076	739,658	22.5%
2002	1,264,198	1,522,526	83.0%	258,328	659,629	39.2%
2003	1,205,169	1,603,340	75.2%	398,171	629,625	63.2%
2004	1,331,880	1,642,041	81.1%	310,161	635,510	48.8%
2005	1,368,136	1,777,596	77.0%	409,460	715,838	57.2%
2006	1,511,324	1,933,014	78.2%	421,690	943,985	44.7%
2007	1,646,884	2,150,144	76.6%	503,260	1,062,848	47.4%
2008	1,773,986	2,062,455	86.0%	288,469	1,201,669	24.0%
2009	1,723,646	2,279,630	75.6%	555,984	1,599,460	34.8%

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

	R	evolving Loan		Special Jail	Dr	evenue Drug Abuse Treatment		E911	
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	137,429	\$	13,422	\$	15,059	\$	166,144	
Total Assets		137,429	<u></u>	13,422		15,059		166,144	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		-		-		-			
Total Liabilities		-				-			
FUND BALANCES Restricted for public safety Restricted for loans		137,429		-		-		<u>.</u>	
Restricted for emergency services Unrestricted		-		13,422		- 15,059		166,144 -	
Total Fund Balances	·	137,429		13,422		15,059		166,144	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	137,429	\$	13,422	\$	15,059	\$	166,144	

ASSETS		Seized Assets	DARE Fund	 Law Library Fund	 Inmate Welfare Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$_	19,220	\$ 41	\$ 18,236	\$ 5,934	\$	375,485
Total Asseţs		19,220	 41	 18,236	5,934		375,485
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	L	_	 •	 	<u>-</u>		
Total Liabilities		-	 	 _	-		-
FUND BALANCES Restricted for public safety Restricted for loans Restricted for emergency services Unrestricted		19,220 - - -	- - - 41	 - - - 18,236	- - - 5,934		19,220 137,429 166,144 52,692
Total Fund Balances		19,220	 41	 18,236	5,934		375,485
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,220	\$ 41	\$ 18,236	\$ 5,934	\$	375,485

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Revolving Loan Fund			Specia Jail Fund	D	evenue rug Abuse reatment Fund		E911 Fund
Revenues Fines Other income Investment income	\$	- - 1,283	\$	33,938 - -	\$	9,652 - -	\$	- 59,191 -
Total Revenues		1,283		33,938		9,652		59,191
Expenditures Public safety Debt service		-		25,317 -		7,532 -		130 -
Total Expenditures				25,317		7,532		130
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,283		8,621		2,120		59,061
Transfers Out		-		-		- -		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,283		8,621		2,120		59,061
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning		36,146		4,801		12,939		107,083
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ 1</u>	37,429	\$	13,422	\$	15,059 \$	<u> </u>	166,144

_	Seized Assets		DARE Fund		Law Library Fund		Inmate Welfare Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds		
Revenues Fines Other income Investment income	\$	- 19,320 -	\$	-	\$	5,012 - -	\$ - 46,950 -	\$	48,602 125,461 1,283	
Total Revenues	н	19,320				5,012	46,950		175,346	
Expenditures Public safety Debt service		100 -		-		2,417 -	44,093 -		79,589 -	
Total Expenditures		100		_		2,417	44,093		79,589	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out		19,220 - -		<u>-</u>		2,595 - -	2,857 - -		95,757 - -	
Net Change in Fund Balances		19,220	~	-		2,595	2,857		95,757	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning		_		41		15,641	3,077		279,728	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	19,220	\$	41	\$	18,236	\$ 5,934	\$	375,485	

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Schedule of State Awards Expended For theYear Ended June 30, 2009

State Program Name	Contract Number	State Revenue Received	 Local Revenue	Ex	Total penditures	 Due (To)/From State
DHR DHR	427-93-09090576-99 04-074-10	 46,500 137,306	 - 290,030		46,500 413,575	13,328 11,485
	=	\$ 183,806	\$ 290,030	\$	460,075	\$ 24,813

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Heard County, Georgia

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of Heard, County, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Heard, County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated February 15, 2010. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. I did not audit the financial statements of the Heard County Health Department, and Heard County Water Authority, which represent 85 percent of the assets and 78 percent of the revenues in the component unit columns. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Heard County Health Department and Heard County Water Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Heard County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Heard County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Heard County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Heard County, Georgia's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Heard County, Georgia's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Heard County, Georgia's internal control. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of Findings and Responses to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. These findings are reported as 09-1, 09-2, 09-3.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Heard County, Georgia's internal control.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, I consider none to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Heard County, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Heard County, Georgia's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. I did not audit Heard County, Georgia's responses and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richland, Georgia February 15, 2010

HEARD COUNTY, GEORGIA Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended Jun 30, 2009

Significant Deficiencies

09-1 Segregation of Duties

Condition: During my audit I noted that some transactions are processed from start to end by one individual

Criteria: All transactions should require two or more individuals to initiate, summarize, post, and reconcile.

Effect: The potential exists for unauthorized transactions to be initiated and not discovered.

Response: The County agrees with the finding and acknowledges the risk involved, but does not have the resources to provide for proper segregation of duties in all areas, at this time.

09-2 Jury Scrip

Condition: My audit revealed that jury payments were not being reported to the Commissioners Office in a timely manner. These payments were processed totally independent of the Commissioners Office.

Criteria: Payments for Jury duty constitute expenditures of the General Fund. As such, they must be processed by the Commissioners Office to insure proper recording and reporting.

Effect: The General Fund expenditure for jury pay was understated.

Response: The County agrees with the finding and is working with the court to place jury pay under the control of the Commissioners Office.

09-3 Bank Account Signatures

Condition: During my audit I noted that in one elected official office, the checks issued were only required to have one signature.

Criteria: All bank withdrawals should involve more than one individual.

Effect: The potential exists for unauthorized withdrawals.

Response: The County agrees with the finding and will change the bank account to require two signatures on all withdrawals.